United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit



BRIEF FOR APPELLEE

To be argued by STUART D. WECHSLER

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS

FOR THE SECOND CIRCUIT

P/S

74.2053-4

GEORGE KATZ,

Plaintiff-Appellee,

-against-

REALTY EQUITIES CORPORATION OF NEW YORK et al.,

Defendants-Appellees,

-and-

KLEIN, HINDS & FINKE and ALEXANDER GRANT & COMPANY,

Defendants-Appellants.

KENNETH I. HERMAN, Trustee F/B/O SHERIL ESTA KUPFER,

Plaintiff-Appellee,

-against-

REPUBLIC NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY et al.,

Defendants-Appellees,

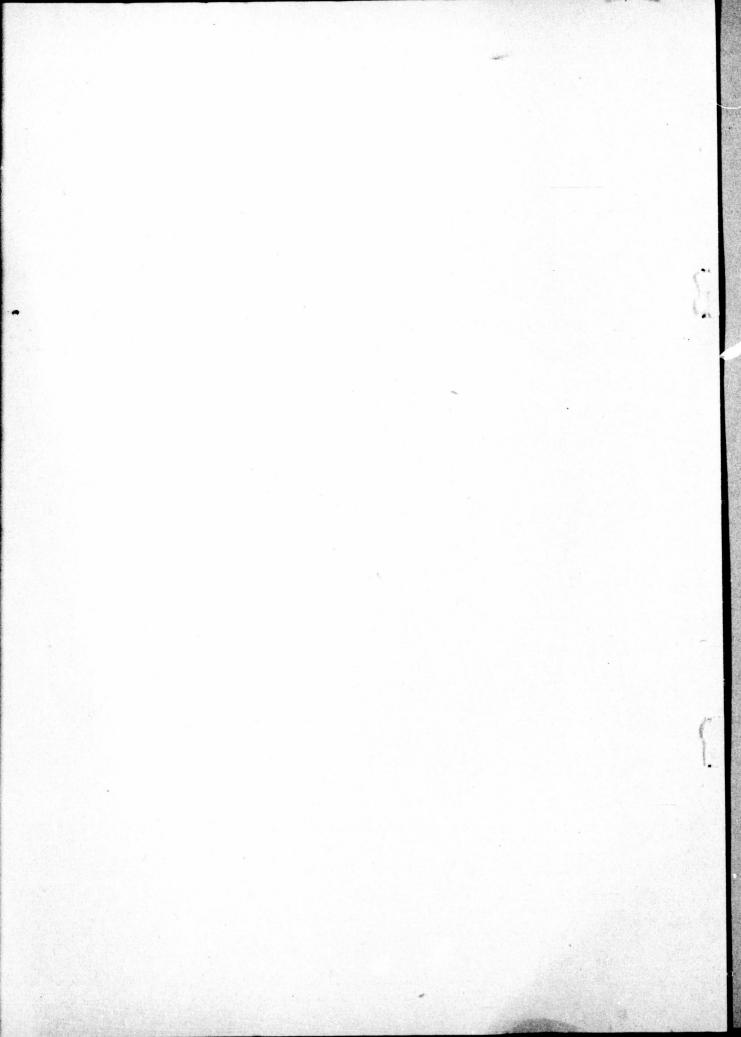
-and-

KLEIN, HINDS & FINKE and ALEXANDER GRANT & COMPANY,

Defendants-Appellants.

(Cover Page 1)





ON	APPEAL FROM THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
error visibility.	BRIEF FOR PLAINTIFFS-APPELLEES

KASS, GOODKIND, WECHSLER & GERSTEIN Liaison Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees Office and Post Office Address 122 East 42nd Street New York, New York 10017 Telephone: (212) 867-8570

OF COUNSEL:

Stuart D. Wechsler Robert S. Schachter Samuel K. Rosen

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	*	Page
Table of Authorities		ii
Preliminary Statement		2
Question Presented		2
Statement of the Case		2
Argument		8
Conclusion		12

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

		Page
Α.	Cases	
	Fritsch v. District Council No. 9 Bro. of Painters, Etc. 335 F. Supp. 854 (SDNY 1971)	11
	Garber v. Randell 477 F. 2d 711 (2d Cir. 1973)	9, 10, 11
	Goldlawr, Inc. v. Shubert 175 F. Supp. 793 (SDNY 1959 appeal denied, 273 F. 2d (CCA 2d 1959)	8
	Greenberg v. Giannini 140 F. 2d 550 (2d Cir. 1944)	9
	Johnson v. Manhattan Railway Company 289 U.S. 479 (1933)	9
	Journapak Corp. v. Blair 27 F.R.D. 509 (SDNY 1961)	8, 9
	Lewis v. Baltimore & L.R.R. 62 Fed. 218 (CCA 4th 1894)	8
	McLaughlin v. Blidberg Rothchild Co., 156 F. Supp. 379 (SDNY 1957)	8
	Mutual Life Insurance Co. v. Hillmon 145 U.S. 285 (1892	8
	Transmirra Products v. Monsanto Chemical Co. 28 F.R.D. 482 (SDNY 1961)	8
	Zdanok v. Glidden Co. 327 F. 2d 944 (2d Cir) cert. denied, 377 U.S. 934 (1964)	7
В.	Statute	
	Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 42(a)	8
С.	Other	
٥	5 Moore's Federal Practice §42-02 (2d Fd. 1973) (P. 42-15)	12

UN172D STATES COURT OF APPEALS For the Second Circuit

Docket No. 74-2053 Docket No. 74-2054

GEORGE KATZ,

Plaintiff-Appellee,

against

REALTY EQUITIES CORPORATION OF NEW YORK et al.

Defendants-Appellees,

and

KLEIN, HINDS & FINKE and

ALEXANDER GRANT & COMPANY

Defendants-Appellants.

KENNETH I. HERMAN, Trustee F/B/O SHERIL ESTA KUPFER,

Plaintiff-Appellee,

against

REPUBLIC NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY et al.,

Defendants-Appellees,

and

KLEIN, HINDS & FINKE

and

ALEXANDER GRANT & COMPANY

Defendants-Appellants.

BRIEF FOR PLAINTIFFS-APPELLEES

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

This appeal arises from an Order of Consolidation of Honorable Milton J. Pollack dated June 24, 1974 (the "Order") (107a). The Order consolidated twelve actions (the "Related Actions") that were previously brought in the Southern District of New York concerning various transactions entered into between Realty Equities Corporation of New York ("Realty") and Republic National Life Insurance Company ("Republic"). The Order further provided that plaintiffs file and serve a consolidated complaint, supplemented and amended, upon all of the defendants in the twelve separate Related Actions. Two of the defendants named in the Related Actions are the accounting firms of Klein, Hinds & Finke ("KHF") and Alexander Grant & Company ("Grant").

QUESTION PRESENTED

Did the District Court exercise proper discretion in consolidating the Related Actions?

STATEMENT OF THE CASE

In early 1974 disclosures of certain financial relationships between Republic and Realty were made public.

References in this form are to the Appendix.

On February 7, 1974 Joseph L. Massie filed an action in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas against Republic (74 Civ. 3782). On March 8, 1974 the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") filed a complaint in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York (74 Civ. 1097) against Realty, Republic and others. Thereafter sixteen (16) other actions were filed all of whose basic allegations centered around the transactions entered into between Republic and Realty. 2 Grant and KHF were named in four

The sixteen other actions are Miller v. Republic National Life Insurance Company, et al. 74 Civ. 1115; Herman v. Republic National Life Insurance Company, et al. 74 Civ. 1248; Katz v. Realty Equities Corporation of New York, et al. 74 Civ. 1137; Cohn, et*al. v. Realty Equities Corp. of New York, et al. 74 Civ. 1192; Sussman, et al. v. Republic National Life Insurance Company, et al. 74 Civ. 1225; Rubenstein v. Republic National Life Insurance Co., et al. 74 Civ. 1255; Ferber v. Beasley, et al. 74 Civ. 1294; Tisser v. Karp, et al. 74 Civ. 1662; Freeman, etc. v. Republic National Life Insurance Co. et al. 74 Civ. 1668; Chesner v. Karp, et al. 74 Civ. 1846; Gottlieb, etc. v. Realty Equities Corporation of New York, et al. 74 Civ. 1875; and Asarian v. Karp, et al. 74 Civ. 1942. All of the above were filed in the Southern District of New York. The three other actions commenced in the Northern District of Texas are Garrett etc. v. Republic National Life Insurance Company, et al. 74 Civ. 3783; Miller v. Republic National Life Insurance Company, et al. 74 Civ. 3785. The action commenced in the Middle District of Tennessee is Synercon Corporation v. Republic National Life Insurance Company 74 Civ. 3781.

of the related actions: Katz v. Realty Equities Corporation of New York, et al. (the "Katz Case") 74 Civ. 1137; Herman v. Republic National Life Insurance Company, et al. (the "Herman Case") 74 Civ. 1248; Chesner v. Karp (the "Chesner Case") 74 Civ. 1846; and Asarian v. Karp (the "Asarian Case") 74 Civ. 1942. The Katz case and the Chesner case were brought as class actions on behalf of the stockholders of Realty. The Herman case was brought as a class action on behalf of the stockholders of Republic. The Asarian case was brought derivatively on behalf of Realty.

On June 12, 1974 the District Court, <u>sua sponte</u>, held a hearing with respect to determining procedure concerning the twelve Related Actions filed in Southern District of New York (77a). On June 24, 1974 the Order was filed and the twelve Related Actions filed in the Southern District were consolidated for pre-trial purposes.

On August 22, 1974, the Judicial Panel on Multi-District Litigation ordered the transfer to the Southern District of New York of five actions which were pending in the Northern District of Texas and the Middle District of Tennessee (242a). Thereafter on August 26, 1974, sua sponte, Judge Pollack ordered that these five additional actions be consolidated with those previously consolidated (250a).

On September 10, 1974 a consolidated complaint was served upon all of the defendants including Grant and KHF. Thereafter, on October 15, 1974, an amended consolidated complaint (the "Complaint") was served (126a).

The Complaint is brought by twenty-one plaintiffs against thirty-nine defendants, representing all of the parties named in the Related Actions. The Complaint is brought on behalf of the shareholders of Republic; shareholders of Realty; holders of Realty's 6% subordinated debentures; holders of the stock of Pacific National Life Insurance Company at the date it was merged into Republic; holders of the stock of Mercantile Security Life Insurance Company at the time it was merged into Republic; Synercon Corporation; derivatively on behalf of Republic; and derivatively on behalf of Realty.

The Complaint seeks to recover damages resulting from the transactions entered into between Republic and Realty and is based on the Securities Act of 1933 15 U.S.C.

Homer Chapin was named in the Herman Case. A motion was made on behalf of Mr. Chapin for an order of dismissing the complaint as against and such motion was consented to by plaintiff Herman. James Coonan was named in Ferber v. Beasley, supra. Mr. Coonan made a motion to dismiss the complaint which was granted pursuant to a stipulation.

§ 77a et seq.; the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 15 U.S.C. § 78a et seq. (the "Exchange Act"), the Rules and Regulations promulgated thereunder 17 C.F.R. § 240, the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, 15 U.S.C. 77aaa et seq.; the Texas Business and Commerce Code and principles of common law.

Grant and KHF are named in counts asserting violations of Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act and Rule 10b-5 thereunder by (a) the shareholders of Realty, (b) the shareholders of Republic and (c) derivatively on behalf of Realty.

Prior to September 1, 1969, KHF was the independent auditor for Realty and after KHF was combined into Grant, Grant continued on as its independent auditor until the autumn of 1970.

The Complaint alleges that Grant and KHF aided and abetted in certain violations of Rule 10b-5 and Section 10(b) in connection with some of the financial transactions between Realty and Republic. The Complaint alleges that Grant and KHF discovered or knew of certain material problems relating to Republic's investment in Realty and that they breached a duty to the investing public and the SEC in failing to disclose those problems.

Grant and KHF contend that the Order seriously prejudices them in that the claims asserted against the other

⁴ Counts VII, XIX, XXI.

defendants are far broader and from different classes than those alleged against them in the Related Actions in which they are named. In addition, Grant and KHF contend that the Order dictates that they defend themselves not only from those claims asserted in the Katz Case and the Herman Case but also against cross-claims for contribution and indemnification from all of the other defendants.

Plaintiffs respectfully submit that Grant and KHF have not been prejudiced by the Order so as to dictate a severance from the rest of this consolidated litigation. All of the plaintiffs and their counsel have read and approved the consolidated complaint and the Amended Consolidated Complaint. Accordingly, all of the plaintiffs have affirmatively decided whether or not they wished to pursue claims against Grant and KHF. 5

With respect to the argument of preparing a defense against the claims asserted against it, it must be noted that the Related Actions have presently been consolidated for pretrial purposes only.

Plaintiffs Sy Sussman and Ruth Sussman have directed liaison counsel to assert claims on their behalf only against those defendants named in their complaint.

ARGUMENT

THE DISTRICT COURT EXERCISED PROPER AUTHORITY IN CONSOLIDATING THE RELATED ACTIONS AND ORDERING THE FILING OF A CONSOLIDATED COMPLAINT.

The threshold issue presented on this appeal is whether the District Court exercised proper authority by directing a consolidation of the Realted Actions and the preparation and serving of a consolidated complaint.

Rule 42(a) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure ("FRCP") provides:

"When actions involving a common question of law or fact are pending before the court, it may order a joint hearing or trial of any or all the matters in issue in the actions; it may order all the actions consolidated; and it may make such orders concerning proceedings therein as may tend to avoid unnecessary costs or delay."

Rule 42(a) is discretionary with the District Court.

Lewis v. Baltimore & L.R.R. 62 Fed. 218 (CCA 4th 1894);

McLaughlin v. Blidberg Rothchild Co. 156 F. Supp. 379

(SDNY) 1957); Goldlawr, Inc. v. Shubert, 175 F. Supp.

793 (SDNY 1959) appealed dismissed, 273 F. 2d 729 (CA 2d 1959); Transmirra Products v. Monsanto Chemical Co.,

27 F.R.D. 482 (SDNY 1961); and Journapak Corp. v. Blair,

27 F.R.D. 509 (SDNY 10°1). Moreover, such discretion can be exercised on the District Court's own motion. Mutual Life Insurance Co. v. Hillmon, 145 U.S. 285 (1892).

The Supreme Court set forth the basic criteria with respect to consolidation in <u>Johnson v. Manhattan Railway</u>
Company, 289 U.S. 479 (1933)

"[C]onsolidation is permitted as a matter of convenience and economy in administration, but does not merge the suits into a single cause, or change the rights of the parties, or make those who are parties in one suit parties in another." (pp. 496-97).

Authority to a similar effect can be found in:

Garber v. Randell, 477 F. 2d 711 (2d Cir. 1973);

Zdanok v. Glidden Co., 327 F. 2d 944 (2d Cir.) cert.

denied, 377 U.S. 934 (1964); Greenberg v. Giannini,

140 F. 2d 550 (2d Cir. 1944); Journapak Corp. v.

Blair, supra.

The logic behind FRCP 42(a) and the cases decided thereunder has never been more manifest than in the consolidation of the seventeen actions steming from the Republic-Realty transactions. All of the complaints arise out of the Republic-Realty transactions, the relief sought is similar; and the defendants are named with varying degrees of repetition. Without consolidation, all litigants would incur enormous expense and the progress of this matter towards a final determination will undoubtedly be delayed. 6

Under consolidation, plaintiffs have conducted extensive document discovery including inspection of documents in the possession of Alexander Grant & Co. In addition, numerous depositions have been taken of various defendants in Garrett v. Republic National Life Insurance Company, et al, supra, which depositions are to be used in connection with the consolidated litigation.

Grant and KHF rely strongly on this Court's recent decision in <u>Garber v. Randell</u>, <u>supra</u> as being dispositive in their favor with respect to the issue presented on this appeal. In <u>Garber</u>, the District Court held that three class actions be consolidated for pre-trial purposes and in this regard, ordered that a consolidated complaint be filed. The related actions in <u>Garber</u> stated numerous counts against National Student Marketing Corp., its officers, directors, accountants, attorneys and others for violation under the federal securities laws. One such defendant, the law firm of White & Case ("W&C") was a defendant in only one of the related actions. W&C appealed the consolidation order. This Court held that the consolidation was improper and prejudicial to W&C.

In rendering its decision, this Court noted that the claims asserted against W&C were "on behalf of only one of the fifteen plaintiffs". 477 F. 2d at 716. Moreover, this Court made note of the fact that some of the plaintiffs were not in accord with respect to the count asserted against W&C:

"Furthermore, at least some of the plaintiffs have disassociated themselves from [the] claims against W&C. In a letter to this Court dated November 22, 1972, Harry H. Lipsig, writing on behalf of himself and the other five Lipsig plaintiffs, states 'Neither I nor any of the other Lipsig plaintiffs intend to assert any claims...against White & Case or Lord, Bissell & Brook' and 'The Lipsig plaintiffs...

do not desire to have their claims brought against the other defendants consolidated or otherwise merged or combined with claims that other stockholders might wish to assert against those lawyer defendants.'" (p. 716)

In the instant consolidated matters, only two of the plaintiffs directed that allegations on their behalf be limited to those defendants named in their complaint. Accordingly, unlike the related actions in <u>Garber</u>, the plaintiffs have affirmatively decided to assert claims against KHF and Grant. In this regard, the argument that the plaintiffs in the Related Actions have expanded their claims by way of the consolidated complaint is of no moment in view of the fact that those plaintiffs wou is be entitled to amend their complaint.

In Fritsch v. District Council No. 9, Bro. of
Painters, Etc., 335 F. Supp. 854 (SDNY 1971) the District
Court ordered consolidation of two lawsuits commenced under
the Labor Management Reporting and Disclosure Act of 1959.
In ordering consolidation, the District Court dismissed an
argument couched in terms similar to those argued by
Grant and KHF by saying:

"That the complaint...contains issues beyond the question raised in the instant complaint is not sufficient reason to deny the motion for consolidation...[B]y avoiding duplication of litigation on the issues that are common to the two cases, consolidation will save useful time for the Court and for [defendants]". (p.856)

See also: 5 Moore's Federal Practice Section 42-02 (p. 42-15 2d Ed. 1973).

In the instant case, the allegations made on behalf of the various plaintiffs are for the most part similar. If Grant and KHF feel that their connection with the Amended Consolidated Complaint is remote or peripheral, their proper course of action should be a motion to dismiss under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. KHF and Grant should not be permitted to impede the progress of this lawsuit by means of this appeal.

CONCLUSION

THE APPEAL OF GRANT AND KHF SHOULD BE DENIED AND THE ORDER OF CONSOLIDATION SHOULD BE AFFIRMED.

Respectfully submitted,

KASS, GOODKIND, WECHSLER & GERSTEIN
Plaintiffs' Liaison Counsel
122 East 42nd Street
New York, New York 10017
(212) 867-8570

OF COUNSEL:

Stuart D. Wechsler Robert S. Schachter Samuel K. Rosen

Dated: New York, New York January 3, 1975

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE SECOND CIRCUIT ____X GEORGE KATZ, Plaintiff-Appellee, Docket Nos. - against -REALTY EQUITIES CORPORATION OF NEW 74-2053 YORK, et al., 74-2054 Defendants-Appellees, AFFIDAVIT OF and SERVICE KLEIN, HINDS & FINKE and ALEXANDER GRANT & COMPANY, Defendants-Appellants. KENNETH I. HERMAN, Trustee F/B/O SHERIL ESTA KUPFER, Plaintiff-Appellee, - against -REPUBLIC NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, et al., Defendants-Appellees, and KLEIN, HINDS & FINK and ALEXANDE' GRANT & COMPANY,

STATE OF NEW YORK) COUNTY OF NEW YORK) ss.:

CAROL TURNER, being duly sworn, deposes and says: that deponent is not a party to the action, is over 18 years of age and resides at 452 Beach Avenue, Bronx, New York. That on the 3rd day of January, 1975, deponent served the within Plaintiffs-Appellees Brief on each of the parties to the above numbered and

Defendants-appellants.

styled cause by mailing two copies at the same to said parties or their counsel as described on the annexed Schedule.

Sworn to before me this 3rd day of January, 1975.

Toretta O'Snen Notary Public

Notary Portic, State of the York
No. 41-E170/23
Qualified in Queens Ceenty
Commission Expires March 30, 19.

Curtis, Mallet-Prevost, Colt & Mosle Attorneys for defendant Arthur Andersen & Co. 100 Wall Street New York, New York 10005

Cahill, Gordon & Reindel Attorneys for defendant Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co. 80 Pine Street New York, New York 10005

Baker & Botts Attorneys for defendant Republic National Life Insurance Co. One Shell Plaza Houston, Texas 77002

Kaye, Scholer, Fierman, Hays & Handler Attorneys for defendant Republic National Life Insurance Co. 425 Park Avenue New York, New York 10022

Milbank, Tweed, Hadley & McCloy
Attorneys for defendants Theodore P. Beasley, C.J.
Skelton, Ronald Rex Beasley, Robert T. Brady,
Samuel P. Smoot, Neal N. Stanley
1 Chase Manhattan Plaza
New York, New York 10005

Carrington, Coleman, Sloman, Johnson & Blumenthal Attorneys for defendants Theodore P. Beasley, C.J. Skelton, Ronald Rex Beasley, Robert T. Brady, Samuel P. Smoot, Neal N. Stanley
3000 One Main Place
Dallas, Texas 75250

David Paget, Esq. Attorney for defendant Thomas G. Nash, Jr. 425 Park Avenue New York, New York 10022

Johnson, Guthrie, Billings & Nash Attorneys for defendant Thomas G. Nash, Jr. 1410 Republic National Bank Building Dallas, Texas 75201

Raymond F. Gregory, Esq.

Attorney for defendants Realty Equities Corporation of
New York, Morris Karp, Jerome Socher, John P.
Leuzzi, Elliot Janeway, Sam Gittlin, Arthur
Stang, A.J. Franklin
280 Park Avenue
New York, New York 10017

Winthrop, Stimson, Putman & Robert Attorneys for defendant Irving Trust Company 40 Wall Street New York, New York 10005 Tenzer, Greenblatt, Fallon & Kaplan Attorneys for defendant Hillary H. Evers 100 Park Avenue New York, New York 10017

Lord Day & Lord Attorneys for defendant American Stock Exchange, Inc. 25 Broadway New York, New York 10005

Shearman & Sterling
Attorneys for defendants Alexander Grant & Co.
and Hinds, Klein & Finke
53 Wall Street
New York, New York 10005

Chickering & Gregory Attorneys for defendant James F. Coonan 111 Sutter Street San Francisco, California 94104

Simpson, Thacher & Bartlett Attorneys for defendant James F. Coonan 1 Battery Plaza New York, New York 10004

Arnold & Porter Attorneys for defendant Westheimer, Fine, Berger & Co. 1229 19th Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20236

Feldesman & D'Atri Attorneys for defendant Westheimer, Fine, Berger & Co. 122 East 42nd Street New York, New York 10017

Nickerson, Kramer, Lowenstein, Nessen, Kamin & Soll Attorneys for defendant Security National Bank 919 Third Avenue New York, New York 10022

Booth & Baron Attorneys for defendant Standard and Poor's Corporation 122 East 42nd Street New York, New York 10017

Donald S. Ayers, Esq. Attorney for defendant A.M. Best Co., Inc. 45 John Street - Suite 400 New York, New York 10038

Kronish, Leib, Shainswit, Weiner & Hellman Attorneys for defendant Louis Hubshman, Jr. 1345 Avenue of the Americas New York, New York 10019

Jackson, Walker, Winstead, Cantwell & Miller Attorneys for defendants Sam J. Winstead, J.D. Francis and J. Willard Gragg 4300 First National Bank Building Dallas, Texas 75202



Vial, Hamilton, Koch, Tubb, Knox & Stradley Attorneys for defendant W. L. Pickens 15th Floor Republic National Bank Building Dallas, Texas 75201

Christy, Frey & Christy
Attorneys for defendant W. L. Pickens
15th Floor
Republic National Bank Building
Dallas, Texas 75201

Mr. Joel T. Williams, Jr. - <u>Pro Se</u> 1811 Commerce Street Dallas, Texas 75201

Mr. Phelim F. O'Toole, Jr. - <u>Pro Se</u> 18 South Kings Highway St. Louis, Missouri 63108

Mr. W. N. Stannus - <u>Pro Se</u> 332 Kaufman Road Hot Springs, Arkansas 71901

Strasburger, Price, Kilton, Martin & Unis Attorneys for Texas Insurance Commissioner 1201 One Main Place Dallas, Texas 75250